RESONAC

GPS/JIPS Safety Summary

1. PRODUCT NAME

Viscomate NP,BM Series

2. GENERAL STATEMENT

Viscomate is a polyacrylic acid-based water-soluble polymer used as a pharmaceutical (topical application) ingredient and industrial thickener. Particularly, the partially neutralized product (acrylic acid/sodium acrylate copolymer) was developed using our proprietary technology. The NP series is mainly used for poultices and cooling sheets, and is registered with the DMF in the U.S. and has an Export Designated License (IDL) in China. Viscomet is not sold for use as a food additive or feed additive.

3. CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Item	Description
Chemical or generic	Poly(sodium)acrylate
name	
Trade name	Viscomate NP,BM Series
Source/References	Section 3 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation

Composition

Product/ingredient name	%	Chemical Formula	Other No. Japan: Chemical Substances Control Law Japan: Industrial Safety and Health Act	CAS No.
Methanol	<0.3	CH₃OH	(1)-210 existing chemical substance	67-56-1
Water	≤5	H₂O		7732-18-5
Polyacrylic acid partially neutralized product	≥94	-(CH ₂ CHCOOX) _n - (X=Na, with some H)	(6)-901 existing chemical substance	9033-79-8
Acrylic acid	<1	C ₃ H ₄ O ₂	(2)-984 existing chemical substance	79–10–7

4. USES AND APPLICATIONS

Main uses	Being hydrophilic, the substance is used as a thickening agent for various
	types of solutions. It is also used as a topical agent in cosmetic poultices
	or cooling sheets etc.

5. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

The sodium salt of acrylic acid polymerization is a white powder at room temperature.

Appearance	Powder
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Color	white
Odor	No data available
рH	5.5 - 8.0 (0.2% aqueous solution)
Melting point/Boiling point	No data available
Flammability	Non flammable
Auto-ignition temperature	430°C
Decomposition temperature	≥400°C
Solubility	Water: No data available. Over 10% of water becomes jelly and unable to handle as liquid. Other solvent: Insoluble in methanol, ethylene glycol, dimethylformamide etc.
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water (Log Pow)	No data available
Explosive limits (g/m³)	Not dust explosive
Sources/references	Section 9 and 10 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation

6. HEALTH EFFECTS

Effect assessment	Results (GHS Hazard Classification)
Acute toxicity (oral)	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapours)	Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist)	Classification not possible
Skin corrosion/irritation	Classification not possible
Serious eye damage/eye irritation,	Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Respiratory sensitisation	Classification not possible
Skin sensitisation	Classification not possible
Germ cell mutagenicity	Classification not possible
Carcinogenicity	Classification not possible
Reproductive toxicity	Classification not possible
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure,	Classification not possible
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	Classification not possible
exposure)	
Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible
Sources/references	Section 2 and 11 of SDS issued by Resonac
	Corporation

 \cdot GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals): A system that classifies chemicals according to the type and degree of hazards, labels the information, and provides safety data sheets according to globally harmonized rules.

 \cdot Not applicable: Since the priority of physical state, chemical structure, chemical property, and hazard items used in the GHS classification procedures does not fall under the category, it is not subject to the classification for the category.

 \cdot Not classified: Sufficient information has been obtained to implement the GHS classification, and as a result of the classification, it does not fall under any of the hazard categories specified in the GHS. It is considered to be a lower hazard.

· Classification not possible : There is not enough information for GHS classification, and classification is not possible.

Effect assessment	Results (GHS Hazard Classification)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-	Category 3
term (acute)	Hazardous to the aquatic environment
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-	Classification not possible
term (chronic)	
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Classification not possible
Sources/references	Sections 2 and 12 of the SDS issued by
	Resonac Corporation

7. ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Environmental fate/dynamics	
Mobility in soil	Methanol: Koc=1
	Acrylic acid: Koc = 43, 1
Persistence/degradability	Methanol: Biodegradability test (2 weeks) Readily biodegradable
	Acrylic acid: Degradability test (2 weeks) Readily biodegradable
Bioaccumulation potential	Methanol: BCF=0.01-0.51, 0.2
	Acrylic acid: BCF = 3.2 (estimated as low bioaccumulation
	potential)
Conclusion about	The criteria for persistent bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT;
PBT/vPvB	remaining persistently in the environment and possessing high
	bioaccumulation potential and toxicity) and very persistent and
	very bioaccumulative (vPvB; remaining very persistently in the
	environment and possessing very high bioaccumulation potential)
	chemicals are believed to inapplicable.
Sources/references	Sections 12 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation

8. EXPOSURE

Detals	Exposure potentials through main uses
Occupational exposures	When handling powders of the substance under normal
	temperatures, workers could be exposed through oral ingestion,
	contact with the skin, or inhalation if dust is generated during
	mixing/blending, measuring, packing, unpacking and other
	processes involving the substance. The substance could irritate
	respiratory tracts when its high-density dusts are inhaled, and
	could also affect the eyes and skin in the event of direct contact.
	There is the potential for exposure through oral, dermal or
	inhalation by workers engaged in maintenance, sampling, filling,
	and discharging tasks, and at times of equipment failure, in batch
	and other processes.
Consumer exposures	Sodium salt of acrylic acid polymerization is used as a source
	material for medical and pharmaceutical products (mainly external
	preparations) as well as cosmetic products, and an industrial
	thickening agent. The possibility that consumers could be exposed
	through oral, dermal or inhalation is believed to be low. However,
	respiratory tracts could be irritated if its high-density dusts are
	inhaled, and the eyes and skin could also be affected upon direct
	contact.
Environmental exposures	There is the potential for discharge of the substance mainly into
	the air and aquatic environment from the manufacturing and
	usage processes. Although environmental exposure is possible, no

	specific environmental effects have been observed as mentioned in Section 7 Environmental Effects.
Precautions	If there is a possibility of exposure in other uses, take appropriate measures with reference to recommended risk management measures.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommended risk management measures can minimize risks to workers, consumers, and the environment from Section 8 exposure scenarios.

Detals	Risk management recommendations
Worker	Technical measures:
	Carry out exhaust ventilation in order to keep a concentration of
	the substance in the air below the exposure limit value. Install
	eyewash fountains and safety showers at manufacturing places
	where the product is stored or handled.
	Local and general ventilation:
	It is required to manage and control an environmental concentration
	of the substance to keep it below the following recommended value
	by installing local ventilation and others at manufacturing places or
	places using the substance.
	Occupational exposure limits:
	The Japan Society for Occupational Health (2022) recommends
	"inhalable dust: 2 mg/m3 " and "total dust: 8 mg/m3 (Class 3
	dust)" as the recommended values of allowable concentration in
	the work environment.
	•Methanol: Controlled concentration 200ppm, Japan Society for
	Occupational Health Permissible concentration 200ppm
	(260mg/m3) (Skin), ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental
	Industrial Hygienists) TLV-TWA (time weighted average value)
	200ppm, STEL (short time exposure limit) 250ppm, (Skin)
	 Acrylic acid: ACGIH TLV-TWA 200m, (Skin)
	Manage and control the system so that it stays below these values.
	Protective equipment:
	When working, wear a dust-proof respirator or simple dust mask as
	respiratory protection, rubber protective gloves as hand protection,
	appropriate eye protection, and normal work clothes as skin and
	body protection.
	Precautions:
	The operation manager should educate operators about the
	selection of appropriate protective equipment, proper usage
	method, and control method of the work site.
Consumer	It is believed that end-products, which are commercially
	distributed, could not contain powders. However, if they do, take a
	precaution not to inhale carelessly their dusts and not to be
	largely exposed to their dusts on skin.
Environment	In order to prevent environmental exposures, implement
	preventive measures against leakage into rivers, water channels,
	and sewerage trenches, and pay attention to the daily
	management and handling of the substance.

Special notes (emergency	In the case that the substance is in powdery form, wear
measures in case of leakage,	appropriate protective gear and collect the substance as powder
etc.)	by using a broom or vacuum cleaner. If the substance turns into a
	liquid with high viscosity after absorbing water, wear disposable
	rubber gloves and other protective gear when collecting it.
	Further, in the case of a liquid with low viscosity, wear protective
	gear and collect it by absorbing with a waste cloth or paper towel.
Precautions	For normal handling, emergency response, disposal, and
	transportation control measures, refer to sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 13,
	and 14 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation.

10. STATE AGENCY REVIEW			
Hazard assessment	Situations of review		
International Chemical	International Chemical Safety Card		
Safety Cards	Methanol		
	https://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.display?p_lang=ja&p_card_i		
	d=0057&p_version=2		
	Acrylic acid		
	https://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.display?p_lang=ja&p_card_i		
	d=0688&p_version=2		
OECD HPV	High production volume chemical testing program		
	Methanol, Acrylic acid		
	https://hpvchemicals.oecd.org/UI/Search.aspx		
NITE-CHRIP(NITE Chemical	https://www.nite.go.jp/en/chem/chrip/chrip_search/srhInput		
Risk Information Platform)			
GHS Classification Results	Sodium salt of acrylic acid polymerization		
by the Japanese	https://www.nite.go.jp/chem/ghs/15-mhlw-0134.html		
Government	Methanol		
	https://www.nite.go.jp/chem/ghs/09-mhlw-2012.html		
	Acrylic acid		
	https://www.nite.go.jp/chem/ghs/14-mhlw-2001.html		

11. REGULATORY INFORMATION \checkmark GHS CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING INFORMATION

Regulatory information only in Japan

Applicable laws	Regulatory situations		
Act on the Regulation of Manufacture and Evaluation of Chemical Substances	Priority assessment chemical substances(Article 2-5 of the Act)		
	sodium salt of acrylic acid polymerization		
	methanol		
	acrylic acid		
Industrial Safety and	Working environment assessment standard (Article 65-2,		
Health Act	Paragraph 1 of the Act)		
	methanol		
	Dangerous or Harmful Substances Subject to Be Indicated their		
	Dangerous Articles and Harmful Substances Whose Names, etc.		
	Should Be Notified (Article 57-2 of the Act, Article 18-2 item(i)		
	and item(ii) appended Table No. 9 of the Enforcement Order)		

	methanol(Cabinet Order Number : 560)				
Poisonous and Deleterious	Not applicable				
Substances Control Act					
Water Pollution Prevention	Designated substances (Article 2, Paragraph 4 of the Act, Article				
Act	3–3 of the Enforcement Order)				
	acrylic acid				
Fire Service Act	Not applicable (Non-hazardous materials)				
Air Pollution Control Act	Specified Substances (Article 17, Paragraph 1 of the Law. Artic				
	10 of the Cabinet Order)				
	methanol				
	Volatile organic compound. Article 2 paragraph 4 of the Act				
	(Notification from the Ministry of the Environment to Prefectures)				
	valatile exercise compound				
Act on Prevention of Marine	Hazardous liquid substances (Class Y substances) (appended Table				
Pollution and Maritime	1 of the Enforcement Ordinance)				
Disaster	methanol				
	acrylic acid				
Act on Control of Export,	Hazardous substances contained in waste (Article 2 paragraph 1				
Import and Others of	item 1-a of the Act, June 18, 2018 Ordinance of the Ministry of the				
Specified Hazardous Wastes	Environment No. 12)				
and Other Wastes (Basel	Substances containing organic solvents listed in (a)				
Law)	Substances containing organic solvents other than those listed in				
Act on the Assessment of	Not applicable				
Releases of Specified					
Chemical Substances in the					
Environment and the					
Promotion of Management					
Degister / DPTP)					
Labor Standards Act	Occupational disease chemicals (Article 75, paragraph 2 of the Act,				
	Enforcement Ordinance Article 35, Appended Table T-2, Item (4)-				
	1)				
Ast on Securing Quality	Recry acono				
Efficacy and Sofaty of	evolution excipients. Listed in Japanese pharmaceutical				
Products Including	Japanese Standards of Quasi-drug Ingredients: Listed in the				
Pharmaceuticals and Medical	ingredient list and additive list				
Devices					
UN classification	Not applicable				
	I				
Hazards	Classification results (hazard information)				

Hazards	Classification results (hazard information)			
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2			
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)			
	Category 3			

Labelling Information	
Hazard pictograms (GHS)	
Signal word (GHS)	warning
Hazard statements (GHS)	Causes serious eye irritation. (H319)
	Harmful to aquatic life (H402)

12. CONTACT INFORMATION

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13. DATE OF ISSUE / REVISION, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Date of issue: September 30, 2013

Revisions:

Date of revision	Revised section	Revised item	Version
October 31, 2023	2, 3, 7, 9, 10, 12,	update to the latest information	rev.2
	13.		

The contents are based on the safety data sheet (SDS) revised on July 1, 2023.

Special instructions:

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Scope of application: Applies to Viscomate NP-600, NP-700, NP-800, BM-70, and P-NH.
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14. DISCLAIMER

The safety summary is part of the effort for the voluntary management of chemical substance in the chemical industry (GPS/JIPS: Japan Initiative of Product Stewardship). The purpose of the safety summary is to provide information on the safe handling of the product as an overview and not to provide professional information, such as the risk evaluation process and its impact on human health and the environment. This document is not meant to serve as an alternative to risk evaluation, such as a Safety Data Sheet (SDS) or a Chemical Safety Report (CSR). This safety summary is being written as accurately as possible based on data such as laws, materials, and information available at the time of publication, but it does not include all data. It does not guarantee anything.