

# GPS/JIPS Safety Summary

#### 1. SUBSTANCE NAME

2-Isocyanatoethyl acrylate (CAS No. 13641-96-8)

### 2. GENERAL STATEMENT

2-Isocyanatoethyl acrylate manufactured by our company is a functional monomer characterized by the presence of polymerizable acrylic groups and isocyanate groups that can react with various active hydrogen compounds in the same molecule. Its high photopolymerization properties allow the product to be used in a wide variety of applications, including resists (liquid, film, and coloring resists), adhesives and bonding agents, printed versions, paints, and surface treatment agents. It is harmful to the human body and is life threatening if inhaled. It causes irritation to the skin and may cause allergic skin reaction. It also causes strong eye irritation. Therefore, it is necessary to wear protective equipment during use to protect the eyes and skin and prevent inhalation.

#### 3. CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Item	Description
Chemical or generic	2-Isocyanatoethyl acrylate
name	
Trade name	Karenz AOI
CAS No.	13641-96-8
Other Nos.	Japan: Chemical Substances Control Law (2)- 4063
	Japan: Industrial Safety and Health Act 2-(6)- 1615
Chemical Formula	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>7</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>
Structual Formula	$N \geq_{C \geq_{O}}$
Source/References	Section 3 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation

#### 4. USES AND APPLICATIONS

Main uses	2-Isocyanatoethyl acrylate is used as a raw material for electronic
	materials (liquid resist, film resist, color filter resist, semiconductor tape,
	adhesive, bonding agent), printing (print plate, color calibration), medical
	care (soft contact lens, dental material), fiber/paper/wood (surface
	treatment agent), automobile (top coat, repair paint, part paint), home
	appliance (substrate, insulation material), and building materials (cement
	primer, paint, bonding agent).

### 5. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

2-Isocyanatoethyl methacrylate is a colorless to slightly yellow liquid, having a pungent odor. It is stable under normal use conditions, but it is polymerized by heat, light, etc. When storing, it is necessary to avoid sunlight and to store it in a cool and dark place to avoid polymerization.

Appearance	Liquid

Colour	Colourless, light yellow, transparent color
Odour	Pungent
Melting point/Boiling point	−115 °C / 195 °C
Flash point	92 °C (Cleveland open style)
Vapour pressure	35.8 Pa (25°C)
Relative density	1.13 (23°C)
pH	Not applicable (insoluble in water)
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.6
Sources/references	Section 9 and 10 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation

### 6. HEALTH EFFECTS

Effect assessment	Results (GHS Hazard Classification)
Acute toxicity (oral)	Category 3 Toxic if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas)	Not applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour)	Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist)	Category 2 Fatal if inhaled
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1C Causes severe skin burns
Serious eye damage/eye irritation,	Category 1 Causes serious eye damage
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 1 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
Skin sensitisation	Category 1 May cause an allergic skin reaction
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	Classification not possible
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure,	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible
Referencese	Section 2 and 11 of SDS issued by Resonac Corporation

- GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals): A system that classifies chemicals according to the type and degree of hazards, labels the information, and provides safety data sheets according to globally harmonized rules.
- · Not applicable: Since the priority of physical state, chemical structure, chemical property, and hazard items used in the GHS classification procedures does not fall under the category, it is not subject to the classification for the category.
- · Not classified: Sufficient information has been obtained to implement the GHS classification, and as a result of the classification, it does not fall under any of the hazard categories specified in the GHS.
- · Classification not possible : There is not enough information for GHS classification, and classification is not possible.

#### 7. ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Effect assessment	Results (GHS Hazard Classification)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-	Category 2 Toxic to aquatic life
term (acute)	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-	Category 2 Toxic to aquatic life with long
term (chronic)	lasting effects
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Classification not possible

Sources/references	Sections 2 and 12 of the SDS issued by
	Resonac Corporation

Environmental fate/dynamics	
Mobility in soil	log Koc=2
Persistence/degradabili	Biodegradation test (28 days), Not readily biodegradable
ty	(biodegradation rate: 45%)
	Biodegradation test (28 days), Inherently biodegradable (biodegradation
	rate: 86.2%)
Bioaccumulation	log Pow=1.6
potential	BCF=0.46 - 8.12 (zebrafish, 28 days)
	Accumulation is suggested to be low.
Conclusion about	The criteria for persistent bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT; remaining
PBT/vPvB	persistently in the environment and possessing high bioaccumulation
	potential and toxicity) and very persistent and very bioaccumulative
	(vPvB; remaining very persistently in the environment and possessing
	very high bioaccumulation potential) chemicals are believed to
	inapplicable.
Sources/references	Sections 12 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation

# 8. EXPOSURE

Details	Exposure potentials through main uses
Occupational	Exposure to this product occurs in manufacturing facilities and various
exposures	industrial facilities that use the substance, but the exposure in operators
	is relatively low because all of them are in closed processes under
	controlled conditions; therefore, there is almost no possibility of
	atmospheric release of the product. However, inhalation and contact
	with the skin/eyes may occur during sampling, filling, and transfer
	operations.
Consumer exposures	This product is not used directly by general consumers.
Environmental	Since our company products are typically manufactured and used in
exposures	closed processes, the potential for release into the environment is
	limited.
Precautions	If there is a possibility of exposure in other uses, take appropriate
	measures with reference to recommended risk management measures.

## 9. RISK MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommended risk management measures can minimize risks to workers, consumers, and the environment from Section 8 exposure scenarios.

Details	Risk management recommendations
Worker	Technical measures, local exhaust, and general ventilation
	Provide both local exhaust ventilation and general room ventilation
	equipment at the site of manufacture, storage, or handling of our
	company products, and provide emergency showers and emergency
	eyewash facility near the handling site.
	Permissible concentration
	It is not established.

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	Protective equipment
	During operation, wear a gas mask for organic gas, gloves, apron, and
	boots (use a chloroprene rubber protective equipment because it
	penetrates nitrile rubber and vinyl chloride protective equipment) to
	avoid contact with the skin; also use goggles to prevent air from
	entering so that eye irritation can be avoided.
	Precautions
	The operation manager should educate operators about the selection of
	appropriate protective equipment, proper usage method, and control
	method of the work site.
Consumer	This product is not used directly by general consumers.
Environment	Take care not to discharge the spilled product into rivers, etc., and affect
	the environment. Since the product has a strong odor or irritancy, take
	appropriate measures, such as notifying people in the vicinity of the
	leakage.
Special notes	If the product leaks, allow it to be absorbed by an absorbent, such as
(emergency measures	vermiculite, sawdust, and sand, and treat it with dilute ammonia water
in case of leakage, etc.)	(e.g., 50% ethylene glycol water mixed with concentrated ammonia
	water [1/10 amount]). Immediately remove ignition sources from the
	vicinity and prepare suitable extinguishing media (foam, carbon dioxide,
	powder).
Precautions	For normal handling, emergency response, disposal, and transportation
	control measures, refer to sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 13, and 14 of the SDS
	issued by Resonac Corporation.

# 10. STATE AGENCY REVIEW

Hazard assessment	Situations of review
International Chemical	none
Safety Cards	
OECD HPV	none
NITE-CHRIP(NITE Chemical	https://www.nite.go.jp/en/chem/chrip/chrip_search/srhInput
Risk Information Platform)	

## 11. REGULATORY INFORMATION / GHS CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING INFORMATION

Regulatory information only in Japan

Applicable laws	Regulatory situations		
Industrial Safety and Health Act	Not applicable		
Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act	Not applicable		
Fire Service Act	Category IV flammable liquids, Class III petroleum, water-immiscible liquids (Article 2, Paragraph 7 of the Act, Hazardous materials, Annexed Table 1)		
Ship Safety Act	Poisonous substances: Poison (Article 2 and 3 of Regulations for the Carriage and Storage of Dangerous Goods in Ship, Cabinet Order Concerning the Control of Hazardous Materials appended Table 1)		

Civil Aeronautics Act	Properties prohibited from transportation (Article 194 of Civil Aeronautics Act Enforcement Regulations)		
Port Regulations Act	Hazardous materials (Poison) (Article 21–2 of the Act, Article 12 of Enforcement Ordinance, Notification of the Enforcement Regulations of the Port Regulations Act specifying the types of hazardous materials)		
Act on the Assessment of Releases of Specified Chemical Substances in the Environment and the Promotion of Management Improvement and Transfer Register / PRTR)	Not applicable		
UN classification	6.1(8)		
UN No.	UN2927 TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S		

Hazards	Classification results (hazard information)				
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids, Category 4				
Health hazards	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3				
	Acute toxicity (inhalation:mist) Category 2				
	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C				
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1				
	Respiratory sensitization, Category 1				
	Skin sensitisation, Category 1				
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute),				
	Category 2				
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic),				
	Category 2				

Labelling Information			
Hazard pictograms (GHS)			
Signal word (GHS)	Danger		
Hazard statements (GHS)	Combustible liquid (H227)		
	Toxic if swallowed. (H301)		
	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. (H314)		
	May cause an allergic skin reaction. (H317)		
	Fatal if inhaled. (H330)		
	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties		
	if inhaled. (H334)		
	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (H411)		

## 12. CONTACT INFORMATION

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### 13. DATE OF ISSUE / REVISION, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Date of issue: December 27, 2022

Revisions:

Date of revision	Revised section	Revised item	Version
December 27, 2022	5, 6, 7, 11, 13	Update to the latest information	Rev.2
January 1, 2023	3, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13	Update to the latest information	Rev.3

The contents are based on the safety data sheet (SDS) created on January 1, 2023.

Special instructions: none

#### 14. DISCLAIMER

The safety summary is part of the effort for the voluntary management of chemical substance in the chemical industry (GPS/JIPS: Japan Initiative of Product Stewardship). The purpose of the safety summary is to provide information on the safe handling of the product as an overview and not to provide professional information, such as the risk evaluation process and its impact on human health and the environment. This document is not meant to serve as an alternative to risk evaluation, such as a Safety Data Sheet (SDS) or a Chemical Safety Report (CSR). This safety summary is being written as accurately as possible based on data such as laws, materials, and information available at the time of publication, but it does not include all data. It does not guarantee anything.